

You are to design a suitable wing for a sport RC electric aircraft to the following low-speed requirements:

density:	$\rho = 1.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$
low speed:	$V = 6 \text{ m/s} = 13.4 \text{ mph}$
high speed:	$V = 12 \text{ m/s} = 26.8 \text{ mph}$
weight:	$W = 3.0 \text{ N} = 11 \text{ oz}$
span:	$b = 1.8 \text{ m} = 71 \text{ in}$

Assume an elliptic load distribution  $\Gamma(y) = \Gamma_0 \sqrt{1 - (2y/b)^2}$ . Assume  $dc_\ell/d\alpha = 2\pi$  for the wing airfoils.

Assume a spanwise-constant  $c_\ell = 0.8$  for the low-speed case in level flight. Also assume the wing reference line (e.g. fuselage axis) is aligned with the flight direction in the low-speed case, so that  $\alpha = 0^\circ$ .

- 1a) Determine the chord distribution  $c(y)$  and sketch the planform.
- 1b) Determine  $\alpha_{\text{aero}}(y)$ .
- 1c) What will  $\alpha_{\text{geom}}(y)$  look like if the same cambered airfoil is used all across the span?
- 1d) Determine the wing's  $C_{D_i}$ . If the airfoil's profile drag is  $c_d \simeq 0.015$ , estimate the overall  $L/D$  ratio of the wing.

The wing designed above must also operate at the high speed condition in level flight.

- 2a) Still assuming an elliptic load distribution, determine the necessary  $\Gamma_0$  for this case.
- 2b) Determine  $\alpha_i$ , and the overall  $\alpha$  for this speed.
- 2c) If the airfoil's profile drag is still  $c_d \simeq 0.015$ , determine  $C_{D_i}$  and the overall  $L/D$